

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
EASTERN DIVISION**

MILWAUKEE ELECTRIC TOOL
CORPORATION,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE INDIVIDUAL, CORPORATION,
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY,
PARTNERSHIP, OR
UNINCORPORATED ASSOCIATION
IDENTIFIED ON SCHEDULE A HERETO,

Defendant.

Case No. 25-cv-8838

Judge

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, MILWAUKEE ELECTRIC TOOL CORPORATION (“MILWAUKEE” or “Plaintiff”), by undersigned counsel, hereby complains of the Partnership and Unincorporated Association identified in Schedule A attached hereto (collectively, “Defendant”), and hereby alleges as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction over the claims in this action pursuant to the provisions of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051 et seq.; 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a) - (b) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331. This Court has jurisdiction over the claims in this action that arise under the laws of the State of Illinois pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a), because the state law claims are so related to the federal claims that they form part of the same case or controversy and derive from a common nucleus of operative facts.

2. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391, and this Court may properly exercise personal jurisdiction over Defendant since the Defendant directly targets consumers in the United States, including Illinois, through at least the fully interactive commercial Internet store operating under the Defendant Online Marketplace Account identified in Schedule A attached hereto (collectively, the “Defendant Internet Store”). Specifically, Defendant is reaching out to do business with Illinois residents by operating one or more commercial, interactive Internet Stores through which Illinois residents can purchase products including bearing counterfeit versions of Plaintiff’s MILWAUKEE Trademarks. The Defendant has targeted sales from Illinois residents by operating at least one online store that offers shipping to the United States, including Illinois, accepts payment in U.S. dollars and, on information and belief, has sold products bearing counterfeit versions of Plaintiff’s federally registered trademarks to residents of Illinois. The Defendant is committing tortious acts in Illinois, engaging in interstate commerce, and has wrongfully caused Plaintiff substantial injury in the State of Illinois.

INTRODUCTION

3. This action has been filed by Plaintiff to combat e-commerce store operators who trade upon Plaintiff’s reputation and goodwill by offering for sale and/or selling unauthorized and unlicensed products using infringing and counterfeit versions of Plaintiff’s federally registered and trademarks (the “Counterfeit Products”).

4. Defendant created at least one Internet Store and designed it to appear to be selling genuine Plaintiff’s products, while selling inferior imitations of Plaintiff’s products. Defendant attempts to avoid liability by going to great lengths to conceal both its identity and the full scope of its illegal counterfeiting operation. Plaintiff is forced to file this action to combat Defendant’s

counterfeiting of Plaintiff's registered trademarks as well as to protect unknowing consumers from purchasing unauthorized products over the Internet. Plaintiff has been and continues to be irreparably damaged through consumer confusion, dilution, and tarnishment of its valuable trademarks as a result of Defendant's actions and seeks injunctive and monetary relief.

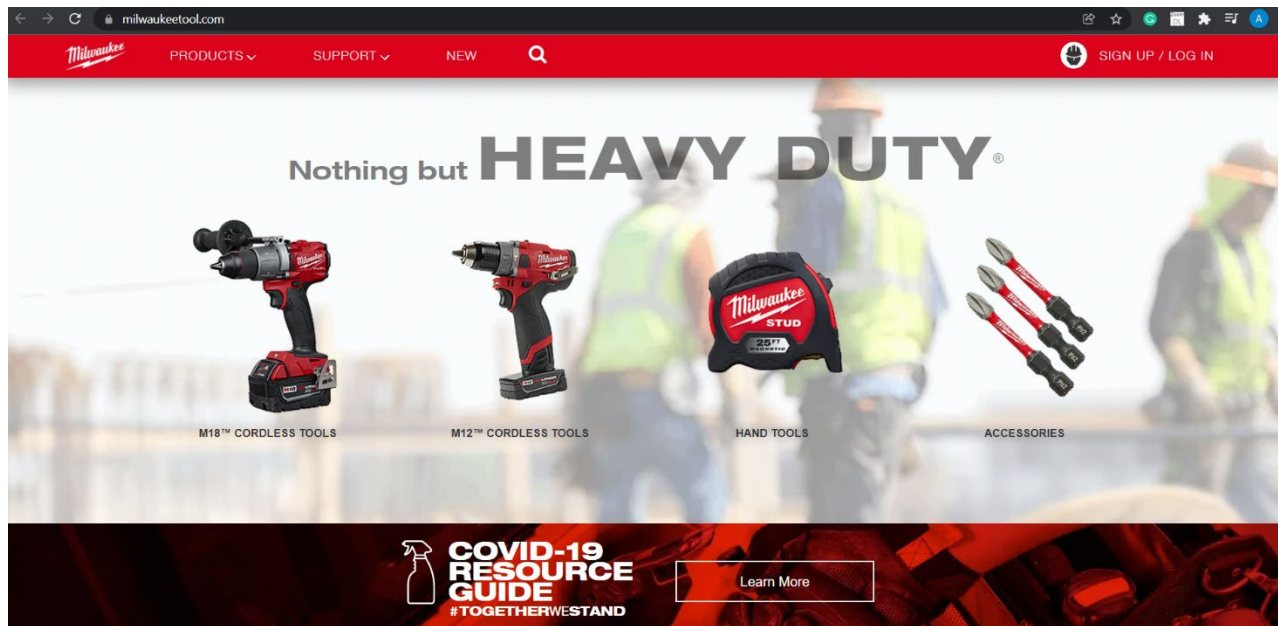
5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the Defendant, in that the Defendant conducts business in Illinois and in this Judicial District, and the acts and events giving rise to this lawsuit of which the Defendant stands accused were undertaken in Illinois and in this Judicial District. In addition, the Defendant has offered to sell and ship infringing products into this Judicial District.

THE PLAINTIFF

6. Plaintiff MILWAUKEE is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at 13135 West Lisbon Road, Brookfield, Wisconsin 53005-2550.

7. Plaintiff is the owner in the U.S. of all intellectual property relating to MILWAUKEE TOOL products. Plaintiff develops, manufactures and markets power tools. For over 90 years, MILWAUKEE TOOL has led the industry in developing innovative solutions that deliver increased productivity and unmatched durability for professional construction users. Plaintiff is the official source of MILWAUKEE TOOL products.

<https://milwaukeeetool.com/>



8. Plaintiff is the owner of trademark registrations for the MILWAUKEE Trademarks including United States Trademark Registration Nos. 3,772,366; 4,407,484; 5,085,184 and 5,203,630 (collectively, the “MILWAUKEE Trademarks”).

9. The above registrations for the MILWAUKEE marks are valid, subsisting, and in full force and effect. True and correct copies of the federal trademark registration certificates for the above-referenced marks are attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

10. The MILWAUKEE Trademarks are distinctive and identify merchandise as goods from Plaintiff or its duly authorized licensees.

11. The MILWAUKEE Trademarks have been continuously used and never abandoned.

12. Plaintiff’s MILWAUKEE Trademarks are exclusive to Plaintiff and are displayed extensively on Plaintiff’s Products and in Plaintiff’s marketing and promotional materials. Since 1924, Plaintiff’s MILWAUKEE Trademarks have been the subject of substantial and continuous

marketing and promotion by Plaintiff at great expense. In fact, Plaintiff expends significant resources annually in advertising, promoting and marketing featuring Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks. Plaintiff's promotional efforts include — by way of example, but not limitation — substantial print media, a website, social media sites and point of sale materials. Because of these and other factors, Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks have become famous worldwide.

13. Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks are distinctive when applied to Plaintiff's products, signifying to the purchaser that the products come from Plaintiff and are manufactured to Plaintiff's quality standards. Whether Plaintiff manufactures the products itself or licenses others to do so, Plaintiff has ensured that products bearing its Trademarks are manufactured to the highest quality standards. Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks have achieved fame and recognition, which has only added to the inherent distinctiveness of the marks. As such, the goodwill associated with Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks is incalculable and of inestimable value to Plaintiff.

14. Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks have been continuously used and never abandoned.

15. Plaintiff has expended substantial time, money and other resources in developing, advertising and otherwise promoting its Trademarks. As a result, products bearing the MILWAUKEE Trademarks are widely recognized and exclusively associated by consumers, the public and the trade as being products sourced from Plaintiff.

THE DEFENDANT

16. Defendant is an individual and business entity who, upon information and belief, primarily resides in a foreign jurisdiction. Defendant conducts business throughout the United

States, including Illinois and within this Judicial District, through the operation of the fully interactive commercial website and online marketplace operating under the Defendant's Internet Store. The Defendant targets the United States, including Illinois, and has offered to sell and, on information and belief, has sold and continues to sell counterfeit products to consumers within the United States, including Illinois and this Judicial District.

THE DEFENDANT'S UNLAWFUL CONDUCT

17. The success of Plaintiff's brand has resulted in its counterfeiting. Plaintiff has identified an online marketplace account linked to a fully interactive website and marketplace listing on the Amazon platform, including the Defendant's Internet Store, which was offering for sale, selling, and importing counterfeit products to consumers in this Judicial District and throughout the United States. Defendant has persisted in creating the Defendant's Internet Store. Internet websites like the Defendant Internet Store are estimated to receive tens of millions of visits per year and generate over \$135 billion in annual online sales. According to an intellectual property rights seizures statistics report issued by Homeland Security, the manufacturer's suggested retail price (MSRP) of goods seized by the U.S. government in 2024 was over \$5.4 billion, up from \$2.8 billion in 2023. According to a 2021 study on the impact of the sale of fraudulent goods entitled "The Counterfeit Silk Road - Impact of Counterfeit Consumer Products Smuggled into the United States" (the 2021 study), Internet websites like the Defendant Internet Stores are also estimated to contribute to over 653,000 lost jobs for legitimate businesses and broader economic damages such as lost wages in an amount over \$36 billion and a loss of federal and state tax revenue of over \$13.5 billion every year.

18. Upon information and belief, Defendant facilitates sales by designing the Defendant's Internet Store so that it appears to unknowing consumers to be an authorized online retailer, outlet store, or wholesaler selling genuine products. The Defendant's Internet Store looks sophisticated and accepts payment in U.S. dollars via credit cards and Amazon. Defendant's Internet Store often includes images and design elements that make it very difficult for consumers to distinguish such counterfeit sites from an authorized website. Defendant further perpetuates the illusion of legitimacy by offering "live 24/7" customer service and using indicia of authenticity and security that consumers have come to associate with authorized retailers, including the McAfee® Security, VeriSign®, Visa®, MasterCard® and PayPal® logos.

19. Plaintiff has not licensed nor authorized Defendant to use its Trademarks and the Defendant is not an authorized retailer of its genuine products.

20. Upon information and belief, Defendant deceives unknowing consumers by using the Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks without authorization within the content, text, and/or meta tags of its websites to attract various search engines looking for websites relevant to consumer searches for Plaintiff's products. Additionally, upon information and belief, Defendant uses other unauthorized search engine optimization (SEO) tactics and social media spamming so that the Defendant's Internet Store listing shows up at or near the top of relevant search results and misdirects consumers searching for Plaintiff's genuine products. Further, Defendant utilizes similar illegitimate SEO tactics to propel new online marketplace account listings to the top of search results after others are shut down.

21. Defendant goes to great lengths to conceal its identity and often uses a fictitious name and address to register and operate its Internet Store. Upon information and belief, some of the

tactics used by the Defendant to conceal its identity and the scope of its counterfeit operations to avoid being shut down include regularly creating new websites and online marketplace accounts on various platforms using the identity listed in Schedule A to the Complaint, as well as other fictitious names and addresses.

22. In addition to operating under a fictitious name, Defendant in this case and defendants in other similar cases against online counterfeiters use a variety of other common tactics to evade enforcement efforts. For example, when counterfeiters like Defendant receives notice of a lawsuit they will often register new online marketplace accounts under new aliases and move website hosting to rogue servers located outside the United States once notice of a lawsuit is received. Rogue servers are notorious for ignoring take down demands sent by brand owners. Counterfeiters will also ship products in small quantities via international mail to minimize detection by U.S. Customs and Border Protection. The 2021 study indicated that the Internet has fueled explosive growth in the number of small packages of counterfeit goods shipped through the mail and express carriers. This growth closely correlates to the growth of the ecommerce industry which now make up 16.2% of all retail transactions as reported by the Census Bureau of the U.S. Department of Commerce. According to the Department of Homeland Security's 2024 Intellectual Property Rights Seizures Report, the vast majority of Intellectual Property Rights seizures continue to take place within the express consignment and mail shipping methods. 97% of all cargo seizures were made in de minimis shipments.

23. Further, counterfeiters such as Defendant typically operate multiple credit card merchant and Amazon accounts behind layers of payment gateways so that they can continue to operate in spite of Plaintiff's enforcement efforts. Upon information and belief, Defendant maintains

off-shore bank accounts and regularly move funds from their Amazon accounts to off-shore bank accounts outside the jurisdiction of this Court. Indeed, analysis of Amazon transaction logs from prior similar cases indicates that offshore counterfeiters regularly move funds from U.S.-based Amazon accounts to foreign-based bank accounts outside the jurisdiction of this Court.

24. Defendant, without any authorization or license from Plaintiff, has knowingly and willfully used and continues to use Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks in connection with the advertisement, distribution, offering for sale and sale of counterfeit products into the United States and Illinois over the Internet. The Defendant Internet Store offers shipping to the United States, including Illinois and, on information and belief, the Defendant has offered to sell counterfeit products into the United States, including Illinois.

25. Defendant's use of Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks in connection with the advertising, distribution, offering for sale and sale of counterfeit products, including the sale of counterfeit products into Illinois, is likely to cause and has caused confusion, mistake, and deception by and among consumers and is irreparably harming Plaintiff.

**COUNT I
TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT AND COUNTERFEITING (15 U.S.C. § 1114)**

26. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference herein the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-25 of this Complaint.

27. This is a trademark infringement action against Defendant based on its unauthorized use in commerce of counterfeit imitations of Plaintiff's Trademarks in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution and/or advertising of infringing goods. Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks are highly distinctive. Consumers have come to expect the highest quality from Plaintiff's products provided under their Trademarks.

28. Defendant has sold, offered to sell, marketed, distributed and advertised, and is still selling, offering to sell, marketing, distributing and advertising products in connection with Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks without Plaintiff's permission.

29. Plaintiff owns the MILWAUKEE Trademarks (Exhibit 1). The United States Registrations for Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks are in full force and effect. Upon information and belief, Defendant has knowledge of Plaintiff's rights in their Trademarks and is willfully infringing and intentionally using Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks on counterfeit products. Defendant's willful, intentional, and unauthorized use of Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks is likely to cause and is causing confusion, mistake, and deception as to the origin and quality of the counterfeit products among the general public.

30. Defendant's activities constitute willful trademark infringement and counterfeiting under 15 U.S.C. §§ 1114, 1117.

31. The injuries and damages sustained by Plaintiff has been directly and proximately caused by Defendant's wrongful reproduction, use, advertisement, promotion, offering to sell and sale of counterfeit Plaintiff's products.

32. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law, and, if Defendant's actions are not enjoined, Plaintiff will continue to suffer irreparable harm to their reputation and the goodwill of its well-known Trademarks.

COUNT II
FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN (15 U.S.C. § 1125(a))

33. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference herein the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-32 of this Complaint.

34. Defendant's promotion, marketing, offering for sale and sale of counterfeit products have created and are creating a likelihood of confusion, mistake and deception among the general public as to the affiliation, connection or association with Plaintiff or the origin, sponsorship or approval of Defendant's counterfeit products by Plaintiff.

35. By using Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks in connection with the sale of counterfeit products, Defendant creates a false designation of origin and a misleading representation of fact as to the origin and sponsorship of the counterfeit products.

36. Defendant's conduct constitutes willful false designation of origin and misrepresentation of fact as to the origin and/or sponsorship of the counterfeit products to the general public under 15 U.S.C. §§ 1114, 1125.

37. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law, and, if Defendant's actions are not enjoined, Plaintiff will continue to suffer irreparable harm to its reputation and the goodwill of their brand.

COUNT III
VIOLATION OF ILLINOIS UNIFORM DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICES ACT
(815 ILCS § 510/1, et seq.)

38. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference herein the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-37 of this Complaint.

39. Defendant has engaged in acts violating Illinois law including, but not limited to, passing off its counterfeit products as those of Plaintiff, causing likelihood of confusion and/or misunderstanding as to the source of its goods, causing likelihood of confusion and/or misunderstanding as to an affiliation, connection or association with genuine products,

representing that its products have Plaintiff's approval when they do not and engaging in other conduct which creates likelihood of confusion or misunderstanding among the public.

40. The foregoing Defendant's acts constitute a willful violation of the Illinois Uniform Deceptive Trade Practices Act, 815 ILCS § 510/1 et seq.

41. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law, and Defendant's conduct has caused Plaintiff to suffer damage to its reputation and goodwill. Unless enjoined by the Court, Plaintiff will suffer future irreparable harm as a direct result of Defendant's unlawful activities.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendant as follows:

- 1) That Defendant, its affiliates, officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, and all persons acting for, with, by, through, under, or in active concert with it be temporarily, preliminarily, and permanently enjoined and restrained from:
 - a. using Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks or any confusingly similar trademark or name in any manner in connection with the distribution, marketing, advertising, offering for sale, or sale of any product that is not a genuine product or is not authorized by Plaintiff to be sold in connection with Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks;
 - b. passing off, inducing, or enabling others to sell or pass off any product as a genuine product or any other product produced by Plaintiff that is not Plaintiff's or is not produced under the authorization, control, or supervision of Plaintiff and approved by Plaintiff for sale under their Trademarks;

- c. committing any acts calculated to cause consumers to believe that Defendant's counterfeit products are those sold under the authorization, control, or supervision of Plaintiff, or are sponsored by, approved by, or otherwise connected with Plaintiff;
- d. further infringing Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks and damaging Plaintiff's reputation and goodwill;
- e. shipping, delivering, holding for sale, transferring or otherwise moving, storing, distributing, returning, or otherwise disposing of, in any manner, products or inventory not manufactured by or for Plaintiff, nor authorized by Plaintiff to be sold or offered including Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks, or any reproductions, counterfeit copies, or colorable imitations thereof; and
- f. using, linking to, transferring, selling, exercising control over, or otherwise owning the Online Marketplace Account or any online marketplace account that is being used to sell or is the means by which Defendant could continue to sell counterfeit products;

2) That Defendant, within fourteen (14) days after service of judgment with notice of entry thereof upon them, be required to file with the Court and serve upon Plaintiff a written report under oath setting forth in detail the manner and form in which Defendant has complied with paragraph 1, a through f, above;

3) Entry of an Order that, upon Plaintiff's request, those in privity with Defendant and those with notice of the injunction, including any online marketplaces such as Amazon, social media platforms, Facebook, YouTube, LinkedIn, Twitter, Internet search engines such as Google, Bing and Yahoo, and web hosts for the Defendant's Online Marketplace Accounts, shall:

- a. disable and cease providing services for any accounts through which Defendant engages in the sale of counterfeit products using Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks including any accounts associated with the Defendant listed in Schedule A; and
- b. disable and cease displaying any advertisements used by or associated with Defendant in connection with the sale of counterfeit products using Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks;

4) That Defendant accounts for and pays to Plaintiff all profits realized by Defendant by reason of Defendant's unlawful acts herein alleged, and that the amount of damages for infringement of Plaintiff's MILWAUKEE Trademarks are increased by a sum not exceeding three times the amount thereof as provided by 15 U.S.C. § 1117;

5) In the alternative, Plaintiff is awarded statutory damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(c) of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$2,000,000 for each and every use of its Trademarks;

- 6) That Plaintiff is awarded its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and
- 7) Award any and all other relief that this Court deems just and proper.

Dated: July 29, 2025

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ Michael A. Hierl

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MILWAUKEE ELECTRIC TOOL

CORPORATION

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned attorney hereby certifies that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Complaint was filed electronically with the Clerk of the Court and served on all counsel of record and interested parties via the CM/ECF system on July 29, 2025.

s/Michael A. Hierl